(Dear Secretary fistab)

Certoin disclosures during the last fow weeks have thrown now light on the cause of the diaturbances in Beitiah Guiana duriog the last throe yoarb. On 9th Iuguat, 1964, one Fasmuel Fairbain was arrested by the Police after boing found in possesation of 657 round of emmultion, a piatols, exploaiven, two tise devices for setting off electrical charges and several items of equipment usod by the local socurity forges. Pairbatn himoolf has atnce beon revealed to be merely a poid thas and assesain, but the "Fairbain affair" has precipitated some/atertiing diselosures concoraing the political situation in my country and the role of the security forces.
2. Pirat of all, the Fairbain affair caused to bo brought to light evidence of the orgunieation and activities of a well-organieed contrally-directed terroriat gang connected with the political opposition. Fhts ang had beon organtaed for violence, wurid and sabotage for the purpose of overtirowing the elected Goverument (ang was in fact reaponsible for widesprasd muxder and areon during the last two or three years. The othorzovelation was that of the inability, pertisanship and corruption of the seourity forces, and the complicity of lany of thelr neabers in the activities of the terroriat organisation. Let me asy at once that many of these things hed long been known ( 50 the elected Goverawent. (See Background to the present situation apponged to the letter to the secretary of State for the Colonies dated 24 thr Junte, 1964, which aecomponies this letter); but now for the firat time the Government and the pablic beosme arrare of the fully dooumented and other conolusive evidence of the exiatence of the organisation and fits activities and membership, including the central directorate of the body.
3. A week after Fairbatnes apprehonaion, on 17th Alugust, 1964, the Comiasioner of Police ibegod a statement conflmang the existence in the country of organiaed tiuggory which is centraliy directed and which hed been reaponalble for over 100 murdere inclualing 22 comattted. in Goorgetown in which tiromen wore bombed in ahops and a cinoas and chtldxen bumed in thels Dodet : The Comaissioner gravely added that law-abiding oitisens chiguld lnow what they and the Police were faced with in the country.
4. In the Eoantime, a hue and cry was raised by opposition alenenta that Fairphin had been torturod by the Police, and an applicertion was made for a writ of habeas corpus for his release. In connection with thia writy, the Comissioner of Police on 29th August, 2964 swore to an affidavit that he hed rafueed permiasion to Fr. J.R.G. Hope, a Benciater-ai-Lum, to aee Fairbsin on 9th August, 1964, bocauee "Comanication at that stege would have hindered inquiries which were institated as a direct rasult of the arrest in reapect of a series of aerious orimes such as murder, eraon, causing explonions to butldings and the aubverstive and criainal activities of a terrorist gang ettached to a political party knomn as the Pooples Mational Congrees, and of which gons the subject (Fairbain) adaitted that he was a sombor".

The Right Honourable Anthony Greenwood, K.P.,
Secretary of State for Colonial Affairs,
Great Smith street,
London S.V.I,
祭gland.
5. In connection with Bx Perte Pairbein Habaas Gorjuc, the Gomefosioner of Police subaitted the following security papere 'as part of hie fnatruction to the Law offteors:
(i) Research Papor on the activities of the Peoples Mational Gongress Terrorist Organisation, dated 14th August, 1963.
(1i) A report by a Police orficer (on the ame subject) to the Assistant Comissioner, Crime, dated 11th Septeaber, 1963.
and (iii) A roport by a Police orficer (on the same (ixbject) to the Comasusioner of Police, dated 2uot Auguat, 1964.

A copy of esch of these roporta attechod as appendicesto Council of Ministere Honorandum $\operatorname{GP}(64) 330$ is also forverded herewith.
6. The socumity papers give fall information on the Pooplea llational Congress Terrorist Orgenisation. They give the neges of about 50 of its moubora, both the poid thugs and assasains and the central direetorate. They show that there is avidence to sustein a charre of conspirney agninat 25 of the 50 membore of the organisation. (A fow (G) these have now been charged and axe before the courta for muxdar and othar aerious orimes). The directorate of the Ferrorist Organisation conaiste of sone of the leaders of the politicel opposition and the trede ynion movesent. The pepors ahor beyond a aludow of doubt that the violenge during the disturbanoee were politicelly motivated. The marauding bends who roamod the itreets of Georgetom looting bualness places and beating people, the large number of bombligas rosulting in great damage to property, loss of 11 fe and injury to persons all of these were contrally direeted by the leaders of the Pooplea llational Gongress. It is to be noted thif the viotima of the looting, bombinga, violence and murder wore, or beg believed to be, sapporters of the dovernment.
7. A study of the peeverty roports mekea it abundantiy clear that the olaject of the sabotage, violgnee and tarrorism was the overthrow of the elected Government. She firot securtty roport onl led "Research Papor on the Pooples Iational Concress Weriorlst Organiantion" states as followst
"ohts orgonisantion which is backed by a trade uniongepresentative and political leadors, has arsorted to acts of sabotage and torrorime. It is peving the way for the overthrow of the denferaticelly elected dovernment by force and
it should be considered as a socurity targot of great importance if the democratically elected Goverument should be given the protection and security of governing for the period it shoula be in offico".
8. The security papers ahow that members of the Police Force and Folunteors wore involved in the Pooples Mational Congress Texcorist Onganisation. Paragraphe 45 to 50 of the Ilesearch Papor toll of meetinge between the leaders of the Peoples Hationsl Congress Terroriat Organisetion and meabera of the Volunteer Force, and of the support promiesd to the Tercontat Organisation. Thus several menbors of the Volunteer Foree wore involved in the activitios of the geng. Montion is also made of stx Policomon who were meabers of the gang. Paragreph 49 reads in part as follows:

## 3.

"oc.....the men who axe menbors of the $\mathrm{B}_{0} \mathrm{G}$. Volunteer Foree mentioned that they would give the party (P.ll.C.) all support in welation to instruetions in the handling of aras in defenaive measures. Kinety-five porcont of the membore of the Wolunteer Force were already (ate) to defend themwelves, the Roll.C. and the United Foree ageinat comanisme.......

And paragraph 50 roade in part as followe:
"The Staff Sergeant who was questioned....e. said thet he was pemmenentiy eaployed with the Volunteer Florce; he was a supporter of the P.N.C. Ho wes in charge of aruag? the Volunteer Force hal 600 mon , more than 600 rifles, 80 aten guns and 60 bren ganc......"

It ahould be mentioned that membors of the pofunteer Foree ineluding a sergesint nemed in the reports as a member of thy Terrorist Organisation have sinee been charged with the aurder of (onix monbere of two

## santles.

9. There is widence, too, in the security papers that forsign countries are giving ald to the Terrostst Organisation. Paragraph 3 of the Research Papor mentioned thet At wes propoeed at the time of the fomation of the Organisetion that ectorts would be ade to got funds from the United Kingtion and the Unsted States of America and anas from Datoh Guinns (Surinam) and Venqurela. Paragroph 49 of the sane papar alao atates:
"A rovolution लat start at some point, with the Britioh oray teking over stratogie points and ite Yolunteer Force standing by in Georgatom and New Amsteriam. Within thlrty-atx hours the Amerleens would be in the country and within forty-uight hours
the Coveranent would be ousted from of rico by fares".

Paragraphs 108 to 110 of the Report of 21 th Soptembor, 1963 desoribe a mooting of yembigr' of the Terrorist Organisation at the home of a Peoples llational Congrass activist and one of the leaders of the Peoples Hational Congreas Porroriat organisntion on 26th mguat, 1963. The Hoport reeds:
"o......had docided not to blow up the Government 011 Tanks at Kingoton anymory becnuse it would be dengervus; many lives would be Lost, including lives of nembers of the Party. He neationed that when the Cuban ehtp asritrod thay would have to blast it up because they atd not want any colmuniat goods to come into the country and thay rould meke an aximple to ahov resul ta to the froutchin poonle"。
an Amemiean eittien, who pays frequent viaits to liritish Guiana, and a prominent member of the loeel trade uniton aovement.
10. The aecurity reporta ware ufthhold by the Police froe the Nisiater responitble for internal aceurity and from the Goverament. So the elected Governaent could toke no action in this mattor. Flor did the Pollee, deopito the Information at thotr eteposol athee 1963, take any action egatust those they know to be earrying out aets of torrorisa and subvaraion. Nhit the 50 membore of the Peoplea National Congresa Porioriat Orgonisation - a few of whow have now been charged fer the eeries of bombinge in doorgotown - boen kept undor burvelilence, had their homes and ofrices been searched at the time the information beosme avallable to the Police, had they breas)arrented and chnryed as was rocamionded in one of the security repsete, many lives would have been seved, ineluding those of nuomen......bombod in :hops and a cinoma and childron burned in their bods", to prich the comitoalonor of Police referred in his atatement. Mor foykd the great tragoty of whamar have occurred in which a fow people were killed, many Injurod, 220 homos burnt, and 2,000 poople driven froa the place they had mede their hooe, deatitute and bereft of the resulta of thoir $1 \mathrm{lf}^{\prime} \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{s}}$ work.
21. I wish to emphasiee that while the elected dovernsent knew that the political 0ppoaltion was using (yolience as an instrument of poliey, it did not thon have poaltive prencluaive evidence of this. such ouldonce mas available to the Polled and the liritimh fovorunont as eaxiy as Auguat 1963 but it was witheld from the olected Govornment. The then Initish Governsent apparonty suppressed this evidence for politicel purposes. Despite thy Incomation at the dispossl of the Police, when powers of detention fere assumed by the Govemor, these povers wore fasodiately ueed to detain 34 membere and aupjorters of the People's Progressive Porty and only 2 from the Pooples Natlonal Congrese. Thus the Oppoaltign Party was protected and the Governaent Party was arongly moared anc cocused of crimes of whieh they are innocent.
12. Hy Government conaidozed the security docusents roforred to alowe at a meating on 9th Septeaber and agreed thet the Govornor be afvicod.
(1) 50 release immediately the membera of the People's Progreauive Party who axe wongly dotafnod for acte now elenrly know to be the acta of the Peoples lintional Congress 2ercoriat Organiaetion;

In the intoreat of justioe, to teke such atope as mey be necessary to ensure that those members of the Feoples National Concreas Ferrortst Organiaution namod in the aecurity pepars agoinat whom there is evidenee of murdor, consplracy, and terrorlat and other illagal activities are prosecuted; and to đutaia at once the other mambers named in the papore as being involved in the aetivities of the Orgenieation;
(11i) to disatas all civil servante, eovemment aisployees and teachora recorded as being neabors of the Ferroriat organisations

## 5.

(iv) to disbend imaediately the Volunteer Porce, which is dram from the Opposition atrongholds of Georgetom, Hew fanterdem and Mackonaite;
(v) to reoruit a new force of Voluntoera consiating of twelve compeniea from twolve recruiting arens seettered throughout the eountry, thas anouring that the foree roflects a broad erose-section of the comanity;
(vi) to take tmadtiato steps to eorreet the ractal imbelance in the police Porce, not in the reat five to aeven yeers, but in the next folk rgnths, end to asek a grunt from the United Kingion for this purpose;
(vit) to rovoke the order for the recalf of) 2 scensed firearas and to return all such arme to their ownera;
(viii) to dimias the Comesisitoner of Biliee, Mr. P.G. Oven, for withholaing vital ingormation relating to the aveurity of the coulter from the Government, for failing to tokocaqtion againet a Terrorist 0rgeniastion whiek he knew was aarrying out acta of terrorisa, subveraion and surider, and for acting eenerally (he inst the intereate of the country:
and (ix) to bring to the attention of Her Majeaty's (lovernment the atate of atfaira in the country, and the consequences of foreign intervention, paiticulariy the exiatanco ard activitios of a videaprend Terroriat opgasjation, which have led to the political antongementa and constitutional innoverthions (fellure to gront indopendence, the Imposition of Proportionel Representation, the rape of the constiftution and the efforts to force the government into an election before the explry of (tas noras term of office) aimed at the defeat and doatruction of the Govermmenty and to xoguoet that an attempt be made to bring about a political and constitutional aettlemont accepteble to the great majority of the people of tile country.

So far very $2 i t t 1 e$ action hes been taken on these decsalons.
Heod to xovier constifational arrangomente nor baing inposed on this countryz
23. There cen be little doubt that the disturbences hed been orgenised with the objeet of renoving the elected Government from office and to bring about at the same time the postponement of indepeodence. The disturbanoss of 1952 in fact, led to the postponenont of the Independence Gonference from Hiny to ©etober 1962, and the delay in granting independence itself. The disturibances of 1962 and 1963 heunted the Independence Conference held in London in Dotober 1963 and were the deciaive factor in its deliberations and concluatons. In annauneing his decielons to the Gonferance on 31st Oetober, 1963, the then/Seeretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Duncen Sanitys, saids

14. 'It, will be seen from the foregoing that the evidence upon which the fomer SSecretary of state based pis conclualon that the first-past-tho-poat eiectoral aystem had produced Inoffective Goverunent was in frect not evidence of the faslure of the gyatan but of the resulte of earefally engineored activities of a terrariet organisation. There ia therofore nood to roview the constitution (2) arrangonants now being impoaed., [It mat be pointed out, incidenteliy, that the iuposition, including a gonoral eloction under proportional (Yepresentation, is being oarried out with a large number of the membore and oupportors of the Governing Party under detention, and with the seewity Yorces intimideting, harassine and torroriaing activiate ef fie Perty. The Govozning Party hae had to protent to the Governor repeatedzy the last few weeks sgainat acte of intimidation end tormorisan carried opit by the security forces against activists and organtace of the Peopleta Progrobsive Party, apparontly designed to prevent then froa earrying but their organising aetivities.
15. It 18 earaady clear that the proposed proportional roprosentation aystea is unlikely to produce stable goverament. A realistic eatinate of presont electoral support, and recent events have served to confira ny view that the most likely outcone of the proposed proportional repreaentetion election will not leed to a settieaent in British Cuisent.
16. At the laet Genoral Biection the matn political parties wore returned as follows:
Peoplets Progresalve Party
Peoples Bational Congress

- 20 sents
and United Poree

If the new elections contemplated later this year wore on the beala of the exieting 35 conatituencios, the voting results would probably be the same as in 1951. Holuovar, the voting aystem hat nou been chenged Prom firet-
pest-the-pout to the list ayetea of proportional representation, in the hopo of bringing about the defeat of the Psople's Progresaive Perty. Should the Foople ${ }^{\circ}$ s Frogresatve Farty fall to get over $50 \%$ or this votes, It ia vaxy probable that the Peoples liational Congrese with aven fewer votes than the Peopie's Progresaive Party, can form a miaority Governmont rolying on Inited Foree voting support in the Lagislature. The eanstitur then as presentig amended by the Colomi-2 offies makes mo provitution ithatsoever which would ensure the cooperation of the majority parties. It thosefore asome cortain that the proportional representation syatem is unlikely to reault in the cooperation of the anjority parties and hence
 violence.
27. And woin aore ancious outcome of an eleotion yader the proportionsl rapreanatation aystes would be the erystallisation end hardeniag of racialian (tuo naw partias have now boon formed - the firat kypealing to Huelim Indians and the socond, appoaling mainly to Mindu (Indiens) and the bringting Into power of a group whose chief instrumont as has alroedy boen ahown is torrorian and organised thuggery.

## Hoongantaction of the Securt ty Foreage


28. The evante of the last throe yesmepeve ahown the need for rsarguisetion of the Security Forces to refteot a broed aross-section of the ocnumity and to meke thom more adtequate to the noods of the country. There is considerable evidence of derelietion (o) duty and diecrininatory practicea by the Pollee and Volunteer Porces. (The text of the statement by former Hinisuter of Mone Affairs ia appendgt to the letter to the Secretary of state for the Colontes dated 24 th Juns, 1964, which accompanies this letter). The socurity papera alroady raferred to aleo ahow that several menbers of these forcea are mombersLor aro involvedin the Peopiea Iational Congreas Forrorist Orgentastion.
19. At preaont Indians vilye constituting 51\% of the populetion form only $17 \%$ of the Police Foreg gnt the proportion in the Folunteer Fores is substantially less.
20. The Goveraoce haes recently set out propogels for correctiag rucial imbelance in tho seltish Gaiana Police Force. This was to be done by Inorveating the propertion of Iodians in the Foree from approztmetely 17\% to approxinately 35\% over a puriod of 5 yaurs. The Governor hes proposed in Iacreara) in the Force from 1,559 of which 274 ware Indians, to 1,988 by the ond of 1969 , of which 429 would be Indians.
21. However the Governor's proposed programe would not reanit in a reflection in the Polise Force of the racial composition of the country In the near futures for at the end of the 5 -year pertod (by 2969) the other races would still out-mumber Indians by 1,293 to 695 . The fobelance In the Police Force is ons of the causes of the breab-down in lav and order and the lack of coafidence in the Foree. Where la need for a erawh programe such as has been put into effeet in aeny eaergent countries. (In Tareel end Baet africa, there have heen large eztensions of the police and Mistary with no maxked dzop in standards). But the Covornor takes the surppising vien that a "craah' programae ahould be introduoed only if it flrat obtains the bleaaing of the Oppoaltion Parties and the Police petesation. The Covernor muat auraty be awsive that in the oristing efroumstences and for obvious ressons it wruld be iaposeible to obtain such support aither frum the Opposition Parties or the Police Federation,
22. Hy Governaent has recently considered this matter and has sulmittod proposele for
(i) the reorganisation of the Police Poree;
(is) the presarvation of the balance in the Special Serviee Vuit;
(isi) the diabandment of the present Volunteer Foree and the rearustanent of a now Force in its place.

These proposels are set out in the memorandua on the reorganiantion of the Security Porees which accompanioa thia letter.

## Athitude of United States Ooverunents.

23. There can be Ititlie doubt that an inportant olement in the provent aituation is the distruet and saspicion pith thich ny Governeent is viered by the United States Clovermment. It is ng oceret that the Uaited Statas Governaent regnals my Governinent as a security risk in ita main aphore of influence. Thia attitude of the United Statea dovernient has sorved to encourage irresponaible elemente fin thoir totel opposition to Governnent and has made compromise and a cottlesent impoasible. I therefore recogndse that settlanent should co fuilit on a bebis which will reasaure the state Department on the queption of securlty.

## Wrount neet for economic atds

24. Recent crlses heve advemos 2 , fffected the rovenue of the country and has made it newrly impoarible to ruise loans. At the anae tiae the birth-rate contimues to outatrip economic groath. Present tenaions are parthy the result of econoaie dicritoulties and urgent attontion nust be given to these if there ie to 19 e lasting settiement. There is need for gunervus economie ald
(i) for the Ornoral aceial and aconomic developaent of the country; and
(is) to pasist with the rohnbilititation of diaplaced pascons and perzons who have suffered lose or (1nj)ury in recent disorders. A detailed roGuest for such ald has alroady been sont forvard.
25. In yiem of the points made herein my Goverament acke the Socretary of (State for Colonial affairs
(i) to take atepe to onsure that early action is taken on the deciaions of Governaent on the saourity roporte ;
(ii) to review the constitutional provisions now being imposed on the country;
(iti) to teke wrgent ateps to encure that the security forces are reconstiftutod so as to refleet a brood exoss-oection of the comaunity;
(iv) together with the British Guiana Qovarnient to entor into diseusaions with the United Statea Goverument towerte e truaty settlasent which would reassure the United States Governvent, on the problems of homiaphoric security;
(v) to provide aid on a acale in keoping with the urgent neede of the country.
26. I should be grateful to have an eaxly opportundty of discunaling these satters.

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The following docunonts accompany thig Iettert

1. Letter to the Secretary of state for the Colonies inted 24 th June, 1964 incluating the rolloving appendices: Appendiz I $-\quad$ grelground to the Preaent 31 tuation
Appendix II 2963, 1964. Appendix III - Appointaente in the Public Service and (B)
2. Henoraptur $\operatorname{CP}(64) 330$ - The Peoples Mational Congreas Terrorist Organisations Fallure to take action by the Police. Beokground Papora. Minutes of meoting of Counct1 of Mintsters.
3. $\mathrm{cp}(64) 364$ - Court of Inquiry - Kanamal Pairbain, Minatea of Mesting of Council of Miniatera.
4. $\mathrm{Cr}(64) 303-$ Reorganseation of Securlty Foroes, Minates of Meeting of Councll of Ministera.
